Clonal Mutation Burden Analysis for PCAWG Somatic SNVs

Xiaotong Li

- Mutational Burden and Clonality as Predictors of Chemosensitivity in Triple Negative Breast Cancer
 - Methods
 - Combine mutation rate (MR) and mutant allele tumor heterogeneity (MATH) into a composite score, as Clonal Mutation Burden (CMB)
 - Captures both the clonality of a tumor and the number of somatic mutations per clone.
 - MR and MATH scores were mediandichotomized in the cohort, and CMB categories were defined as low (low MR, high MATH), high (high MR, low MATH), or intermediate (all others).
 - Tumors with high CMB appear to be extremely chemosensitive.





