

Funseq and NCVARG

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Step1: get a subset of whole genome funseq score

K562 ChromHMM regions: remove that extremely large region ($> 1\text{Kb}$) and about 70K regions left. After filtering , about 10% genome position left.

Step2: Remove non-annotated positions

Remove the genomic position:
 Not have any annotation
 GERP scores > 0 , and
 funseqScore > 0.01

Example:

```
chr1 11416 11417 G A—C—T chr1-0 .;No;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;REPEAT(TAR1—chr1:10468-11447);;0;.;.
chr1 11417 11418 C A—G—T chr1-0 .;No;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;REPEAT(TAR1—chr1:10468-11447);;0;.;.
chr1 11486 11487 T A—C—G chr1-0 .;No;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;0;.;.
chr1 11487 11488 A C—G—T chr1-0 .;No;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;0;.;.
chr1 11488 11489 T A—C—G chr1-0 .;No;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;.;0;.;.
```

Step3: get distribution of overlapping with other type markers

K562 ChromHMM vs (DHS + GRO-Seq + P300) region overlapping;

#Overlapped Markers	number
0	42686
1	29204
2	619
3	145
4	26

Step4: randomly select enhancer region

Random selection of about 2000 enhancer regions, same distribution as the overlapped marker count

Mutation list for K562

Step5: randomly select SNV according to low, mid, high funseq score quantile

Sort by funseq Score, get top 2, medium 2 and bottom 2 SNV randomly according to funseq Score (1911 enhancer regions with 11466 SNVs)

