

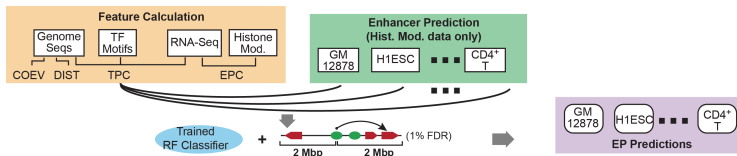
ENGINE: an enhancer gene interaction detection algorithm using robust feature extraction

Lou Shaoke

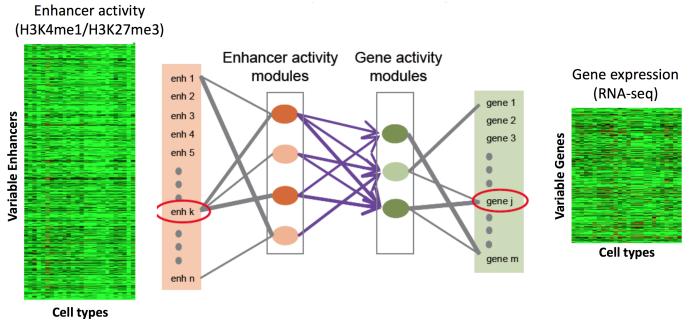
Department of Molecular Biophysics and Biochemistry

loushaoke@gmail.com

April 26, 2016

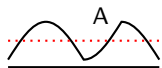


IM-PET: Consider information from 3D genome interactions, DIST(distance) constrain is a triky feature, boosting AUC from 0.7+ to 0.9+.



LDA: a mixed membership method, didn't use information from 3d genome interaction, and rely on predefined enhancer region, sometimes it has worse agreements.

Average over regions ignore the signal pattern;



No explicitly pairwise pattern recognition;



Local signal normalization;

Part1. Why use SURF? Does it work? (done)

Part2. How Surf works (almost-done)

Part3. Local sequence feature and Kmer cooccurrence (almost-done)

Part4. Dynamics feature with local sequence feature (almost-done)

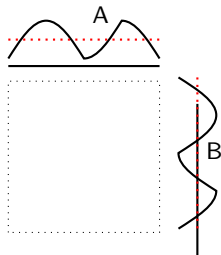
Part5. Genome-wide search (on-going)

Part1: Why use SURF? Will it work

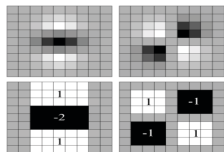
Traditional way



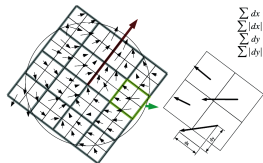
ENGINE



SURF (Speeded Up Robust Feature) is a robust image blob detector and descriptor, first presented by Herbert Bay et al. in 2006.

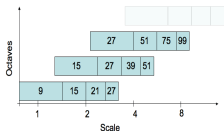


$$H(x, \sigma) = \begin{bmatrix} L_{xx} & L_{xy} \\ L_{xy} & L_{yy} \end{bmatrix}$$



Descriptor based on Sum of Haar Wavelet Responses

$$v = \{ \sum d_x, \sum |d_x|, \sum d_y, \sum |d_y| \}$$



up-scaling filters and scale space



$$\text{Distance} = \sum (v_2 - v_1)^2$$

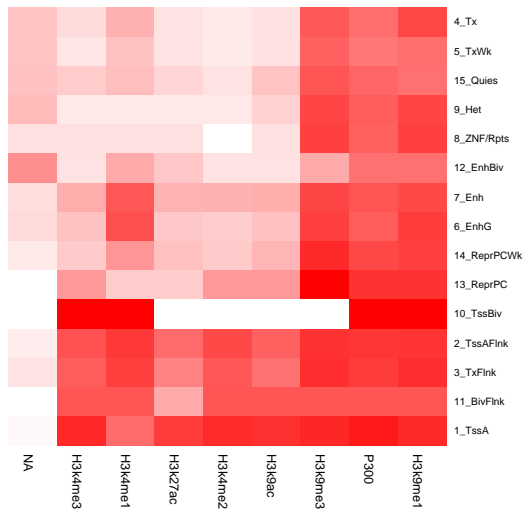
Detection

Description

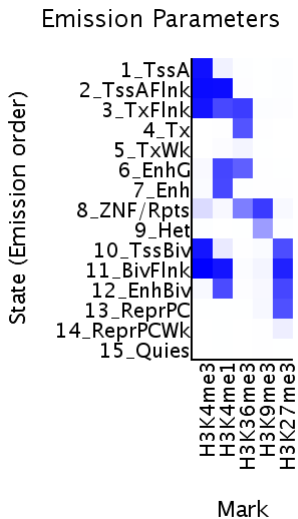
Comparison

Surf feature overlap with ChromHMM

Except 12_EnhBiv, over 85% ChromHMM functional regions overlap with at least one Surf feature



Surf feature score is consistent with emission prob



g strength of detected feature, determinant

