exceRpt updates RK + JR 2015 - 07 - 22





agenda

1. updates to endogenous alignment

2. support for *N random barcodes

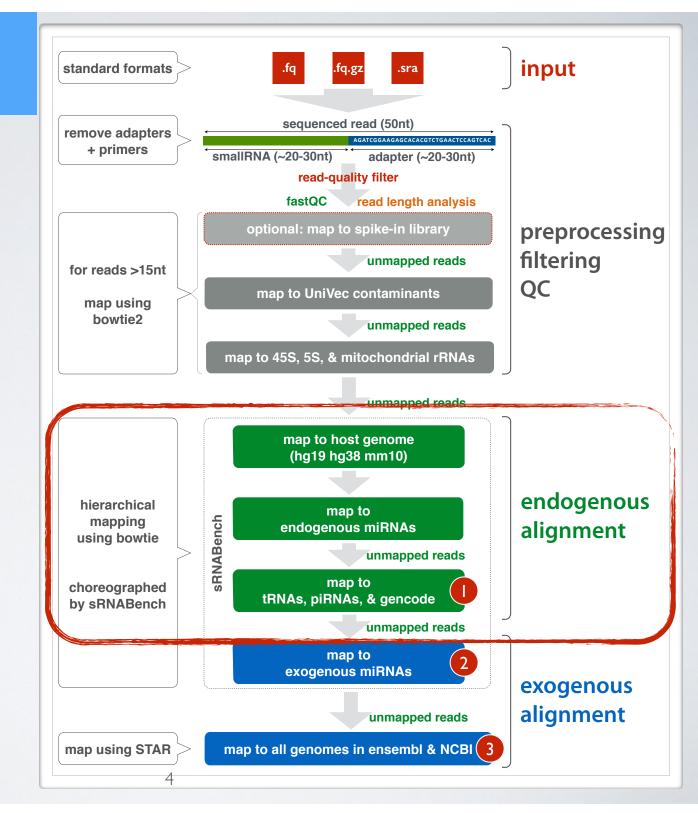
updates to endogenous alignment

- sRNABench was not performing as desired for reads multi-mapping to non-miRNA libraries
- causing problems for tRNA/piRNA quants in particular
- decided on complete overhaul- replaced sRNABench with custom endogenous alignment & quantification
- some of Anna Krichevsky's samples show differences with analysis done at the BGI:

_	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
1		20_3_1_5M_	20_3_140mL	20_3_140mL_	20_3_140mL_	GBM4_1_5N	GBM4_130m	GBM4_130m	GBM4_130ml	GBM8_1_5M	GBM8_120m	GBM8_120m	GBM8_120ml
2	Genboree miRNA_sense	95,216	298,464	273,853	42,253	31,694	525,689	854,375	127,101	19,544	239,378	171,377	54,900
3	BGI miRNA	77,935	230,221	168,017	15,230	15,182	83,268	603,115	66,669	17,369	73,891	114,595	29,827
4													
5	Genboree piRNA_sense	89,583	73,652	13,710	33,040	69,970	19,833	8,691	43,206	63,115	58,943	13,824	34,698
6	BGI piRNA	158,751	165,836	222,554	967,647	178,782	38,182	34,590	307,976	166,622	153,096	39,610	807,981
7													
8	Genboree tRNA_sense	842	3,032	1,319	3,481	2,153	477	165	3,097	3,183	2,760	260	8,655
9	BGI tRNA	339,445	1,142,863	1,111,092	5,275,495	547,931	174,482	83,684	1,210,903	757,849	907,304	102,407	4,363,225
10													

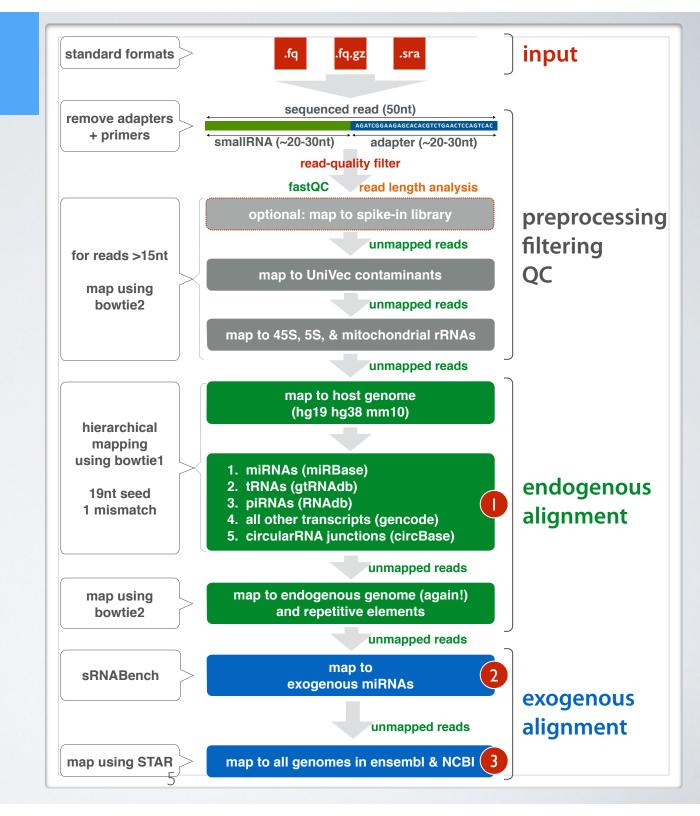
exceRpt

- automatic preprocessing and QC of sequence reads
- absolute quantitation by quantification of exogenous spike-in sequences
- explicit rRNA filtering & QC
- quantify many different smallRNA types
- choice of 3 end-points
 2 3

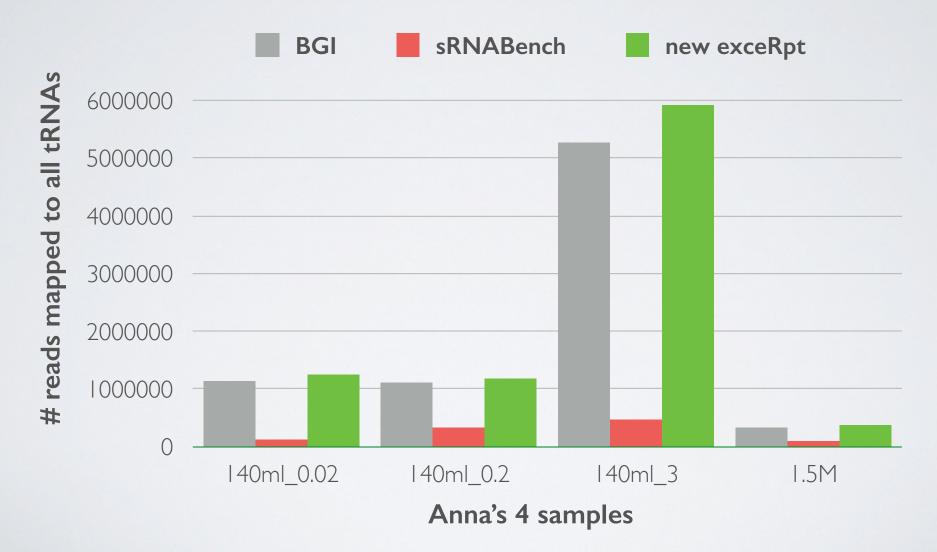


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Anna Krichevsky's missing tRNAs



advantages

- much more reliable quantification of non-miRNA libraries
- full use of **read qualities** during alignment
- can prioritise alignments to different classes of RNA
- output genome alignments in BAM/WIG for viewing in a browser
- much better control over memory usage
- fully modular species databases
- do not need bowtie1/ViennaRNA on the PATH
- faster*!

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support for *N random barcodes

 several investigators moving toward use of random sequences to detect amplification artefacts:

3' adapter - 5' NNNNATCACCGACTGCCCATAGAGAGG 3' 5' adapter- 5' GGCCAAGGCGNNNN 3'

sequenced read- 5' NNNN<insert smRNA>NNNNATCACCGACTGCCCATAGAGAGG 3'

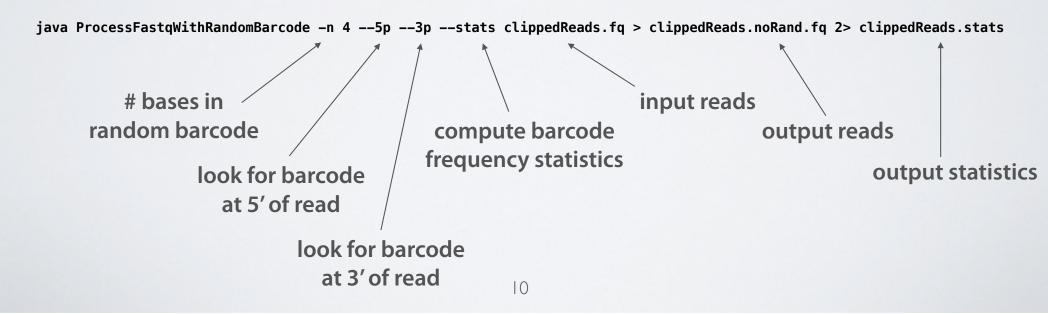
- with two 4N random barcodes we potentially get 4⁸=65,536 unique reads for each insert sequence
- need to support identification, removal, and quantification of these random sequences - also, do they help normalisation?

*N random barcodes - app

- created a Java app to read a fastq and remove the *N barcodes
- for this example:

sequenced read- 5' NNNN<insert smRNA>NNNNATCACCGACTGCCCATAGAGAGG 3'

the command to run would be:



*N random barcodes - statistics

 as well as removing barcodes, we can use them to help normalise the read-counts for amplification artefacts:

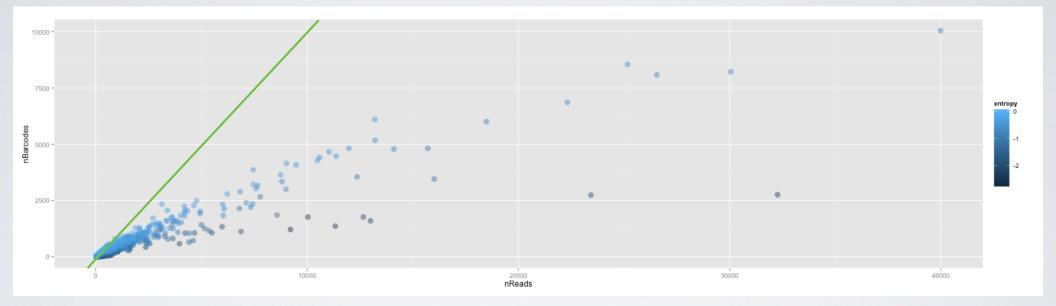
	seq	nReads	nBarcodes	entropy	barcode_1	barcode_2	barcode_3
1	ACGGCCCTGGCGGAGCGCTGAGAAGACGGTCGAACTTGACTATCT	39980	10048	-0.815	TGGGTCTC 150	TAGGTCTC 148	TTGGTCTC 98
2	CCCCACAACCGCGCTTGACTAGCTTGCTGTTT	32263	2760	-2.392	GTGGGGGA 1157	GTGAGGGA 1017	GTGGGGGG 616
3	AACTTGACCGCTCTGACCA	30047	8221	-0.580	GGCGAGTT 108	GGCAAGTT 62	GGTGAGTT 59
4	CGGCCGGGCGCGAC	26551	8085	-0.704	GTGGGGCC 103	GGGGGGCC 81	TAGGGGTA 65
5	ACGGCCCTGGCGGAGCGC	25164	8550	-0.584	TAAGCGTA 77	TAGGCTCG 51	TAGGCGTA 46
6	GAGGCGTCCAGTGCGGTAACGCGAC	23434	2744	-1.906	GTGGGCTC 498	GTGGGCTT 397	GTGGGCAC 384

 we calculate an relative entropy score (KL divergence) for each unique insert, more negative values indicate more 'order', less randomness, to the barcodes:

seq	nReads	nBarcodes	entropy	barcode	_1	barcode_2	barcode_3
1911 TGAATCACCGACTGCCCACTAGAGAGGCTGAGACTGCCAAGGCACACAGGGGA	190	10	-2.743	TGATTAGG 1	76	GTGATAGG 6	GTGGTAGG 1
2626 TCAAATCACCGACTGCCCACTAGAGAGGCTGAGACTGCCAAGGCACACAGGGGA	142	13	-2.702	GTGATAGG 1	23	GAGATAGG 6	ATGATAGG 2
25 CCCCCCACTGCTAAATTTGACTGGCTT	9215	1211	-2.698	GTGGGGGG 9	13	GTGGGGGA 715	GTGTGGGG 385
554 AGTAATCACCGACTGCCCACTAGAGAGGCTGAGACTGCCAAGGCACACAGGGGA	574	39	-2.642	GTGTTAGG 3	25	GGATTAGG 58	GTGCTAGG 45
2680 TTAAATCACCGACTGCCCACTAGAGAGGCTGAGACTGCCAAGGCACACAGGGGA	139	10	-2.611	GTGATAGG 1	26	GAGATAGG 5	GTGCTAGG 1
2382 ACCTACACCGACTGCCCATAGAGAGGCTGAGACTGCCAAGGCACACAGGGGA	154	25	-2.491	GTGTTAGG 1	06	GTGCTAGG 11	GAGTTAGG 7

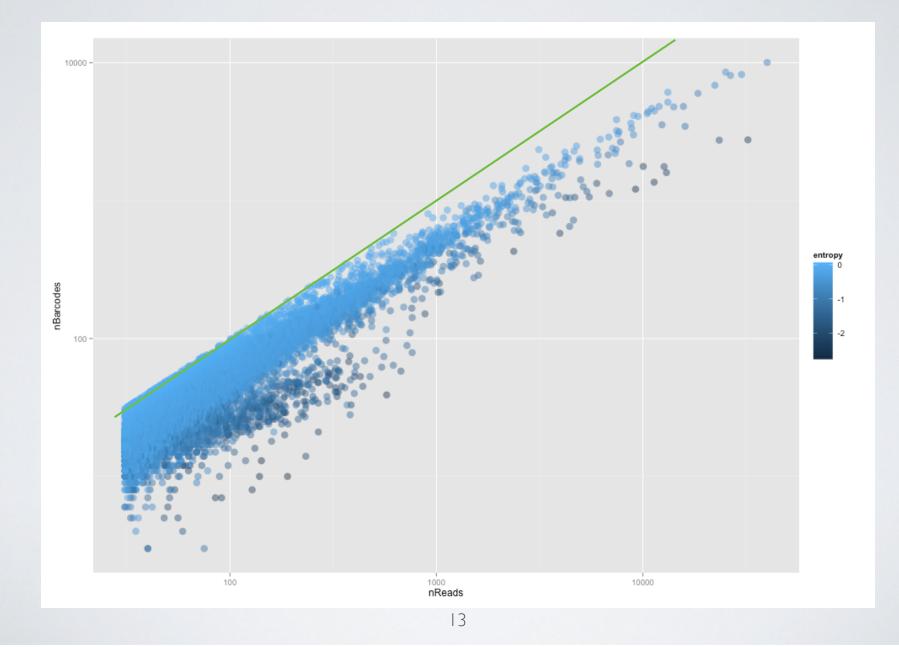
*N random barcodes - counts

• easy to plot # reads against number of barcodes:

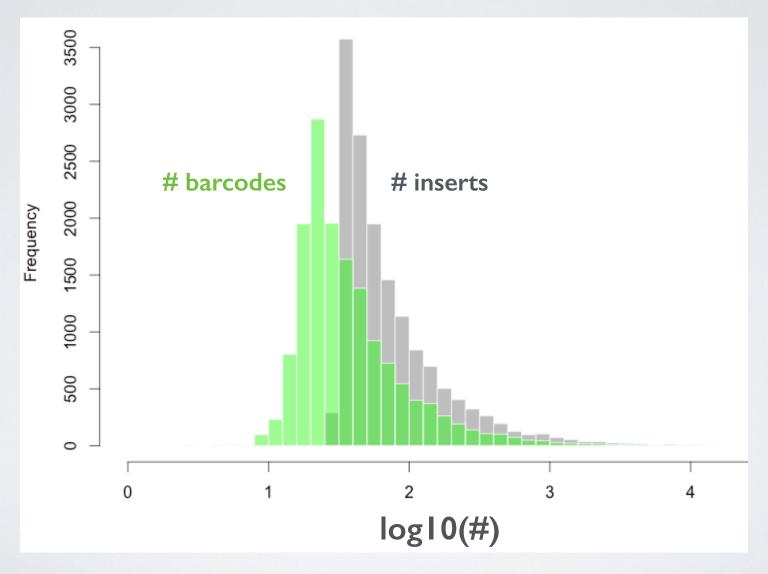


 some inserts have many more reads than they 'should' get according to the barcodes

*N random barcodes - counts



*N random barcodes - counts



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3. to-do

- include random barcode removal/analysis in pipeline
- further explore barcode quant for normalisation & QC
- modify R script for multi-sample merge for new pipeline
- compute reference-sequence similarity matrix/network