

PrivaSeq Figure Pack

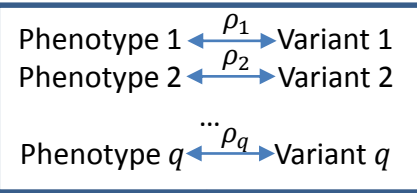
May 12, 2015

Fig 1a: Linking Attack Scenario

Phenotype Dataset

HIV Status	Phenotype 1	Phenotype 2	...	Phenotype q
HIV+			...	
HIV-			...	
⋮			⋮	
HIV-			...	

Phenotype-Genotype Correlation Dataset



Genotype Dataset

ID	Variant Genotypes			
	Variant 1	Variant 2	...	Variant q
Subject-1			...	
Subject-2			...	
⋮			⋮	
Subject- n			...	

Genotype Prediction

Genotype Comparison and Matching

HIV Status	Predicted Variant Genotypes			
	Variant 1	Variant 2	...	Variant q
HIV+			...	
HIV-			...	
⋮			⋮	
HIV-			...	

ID	HIV Status	Predicted/Matched Genotypes		
		Variant 1	Variant 2	Variant q
Subject- n	HIV+			...
Subject-1	HIV-			...
⋮	⋮			⋮
Subject-2	HIV-			...

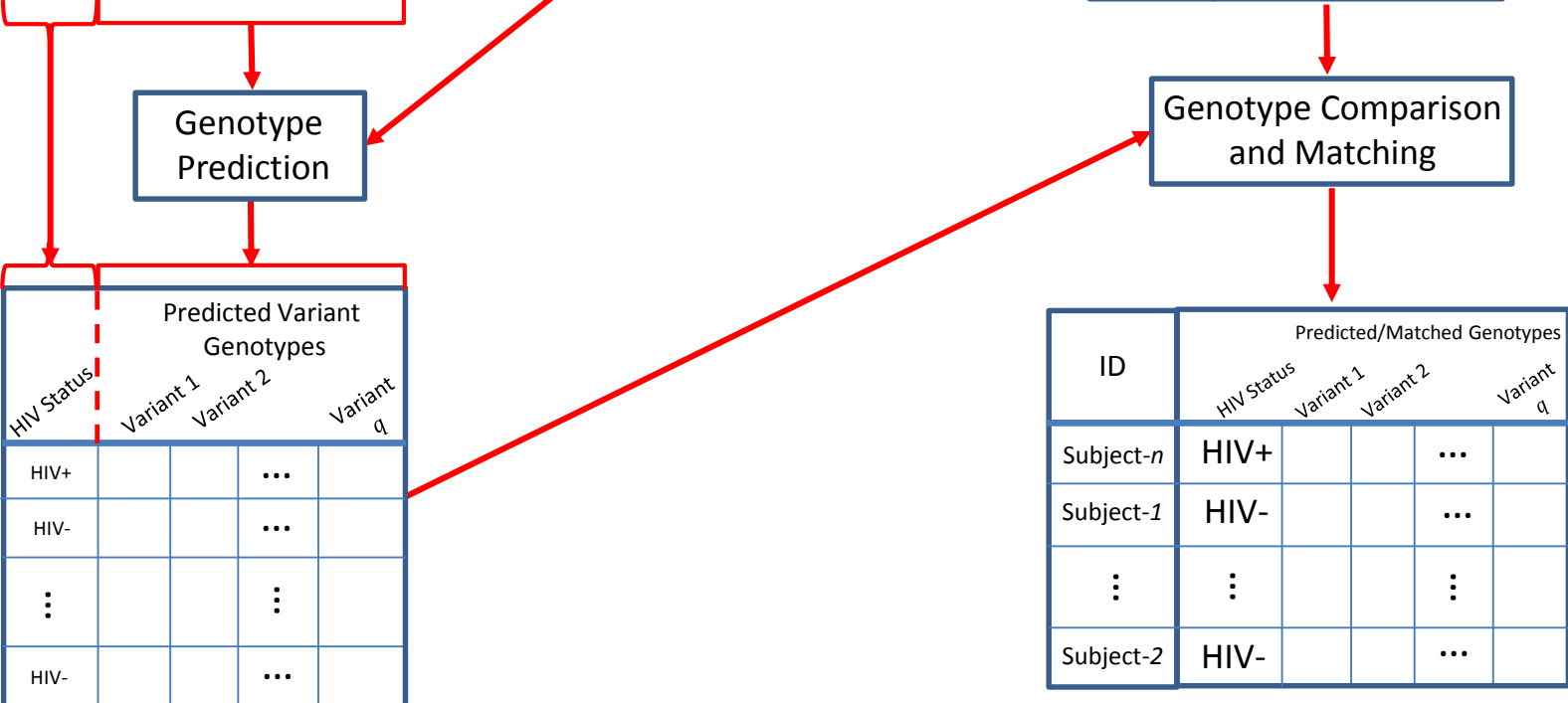


Fig 1b: Datasets

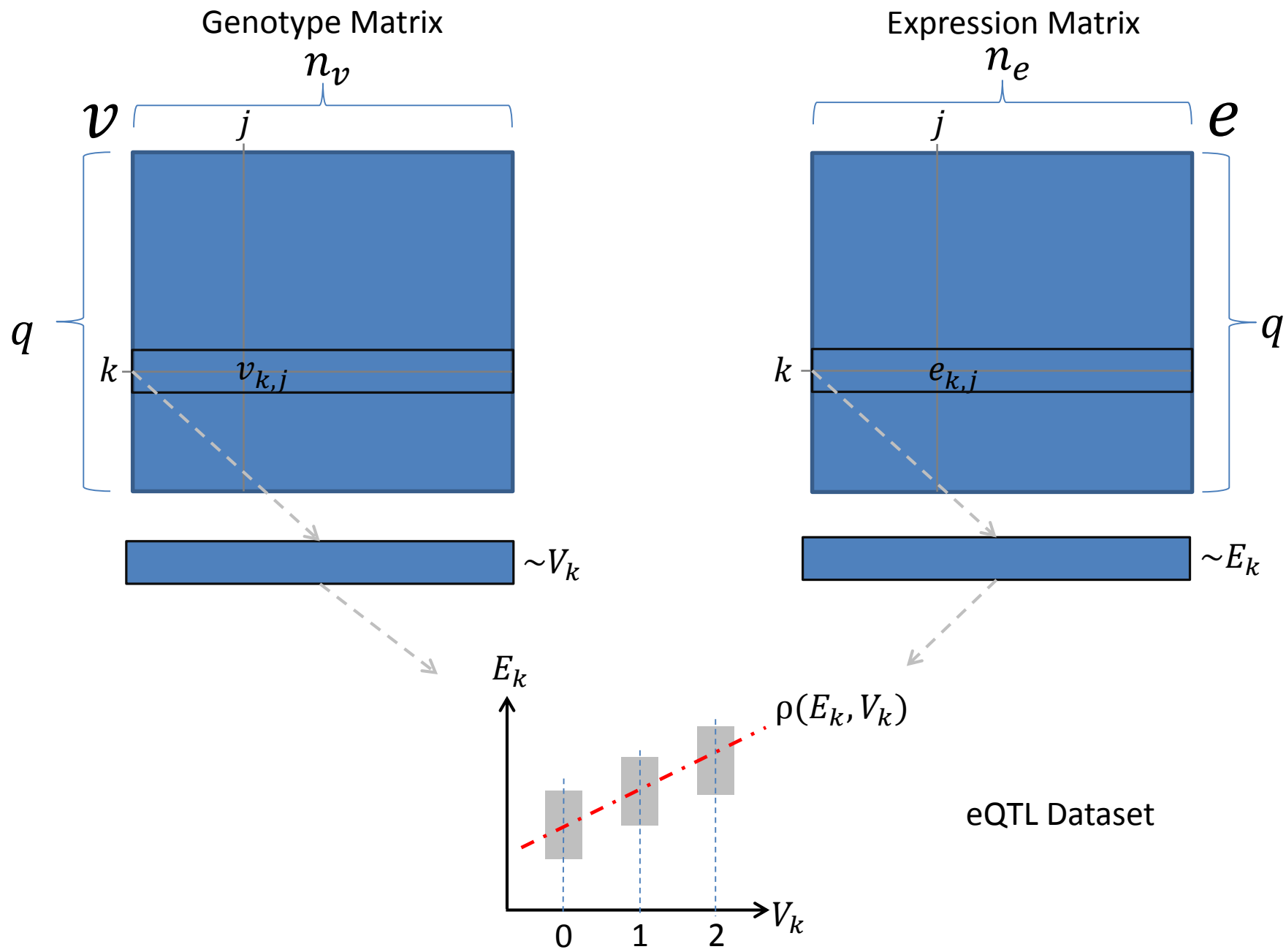


Fig 2a

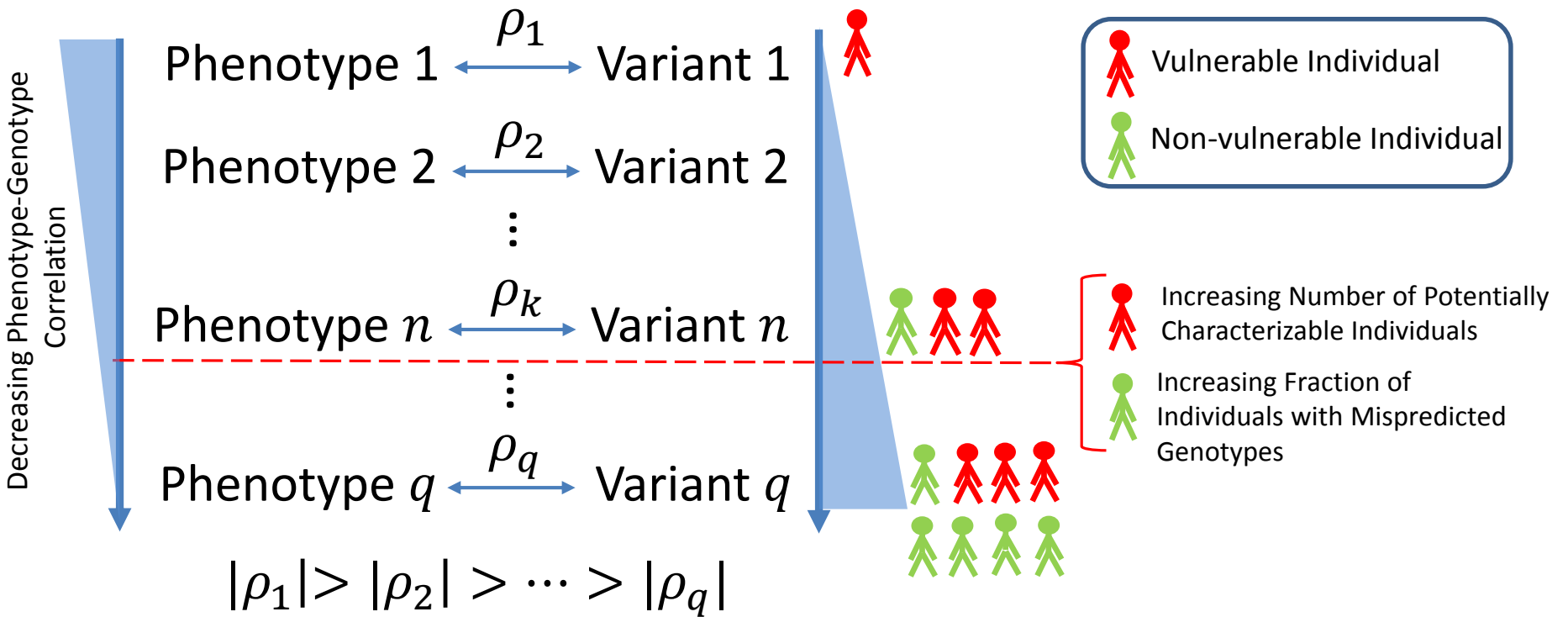


Fig 2b

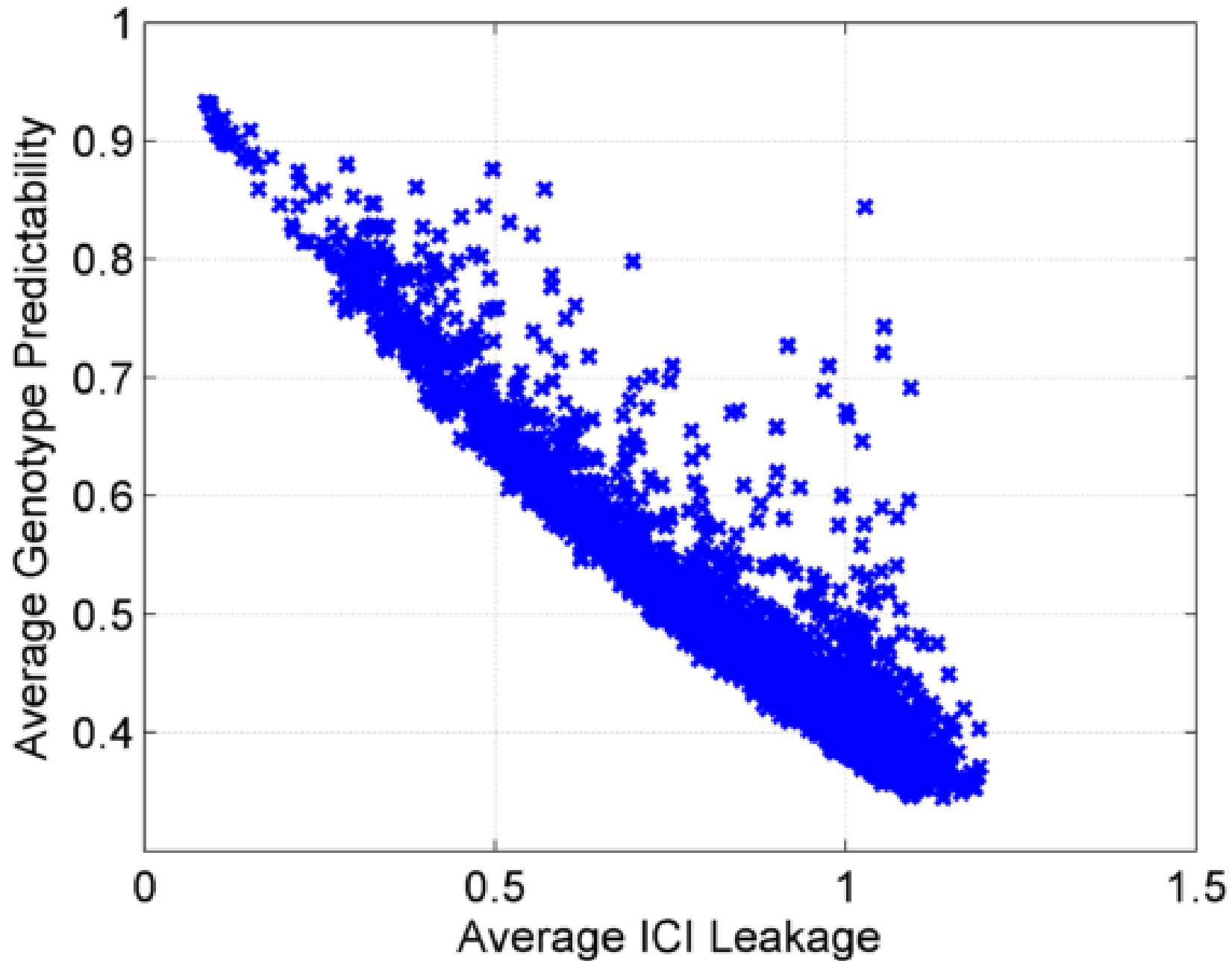


Fig 2cde: Predictability vs Information leakage: Multiple eQTLs

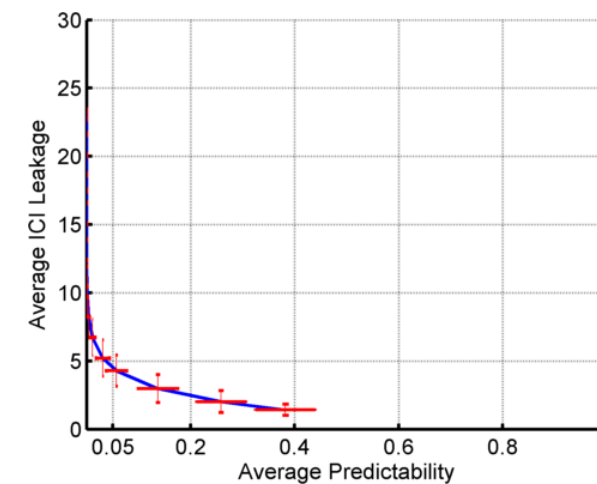
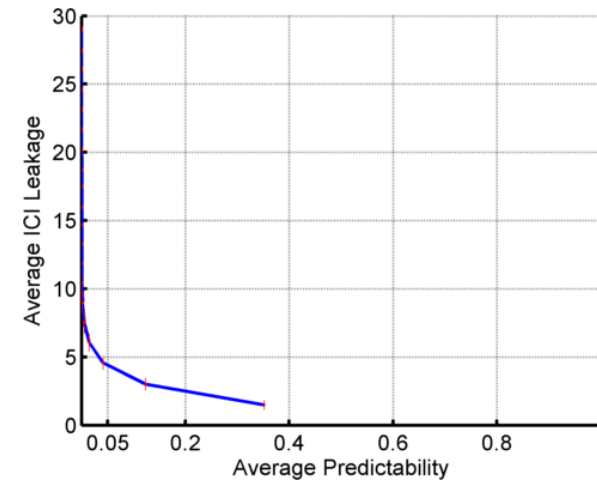
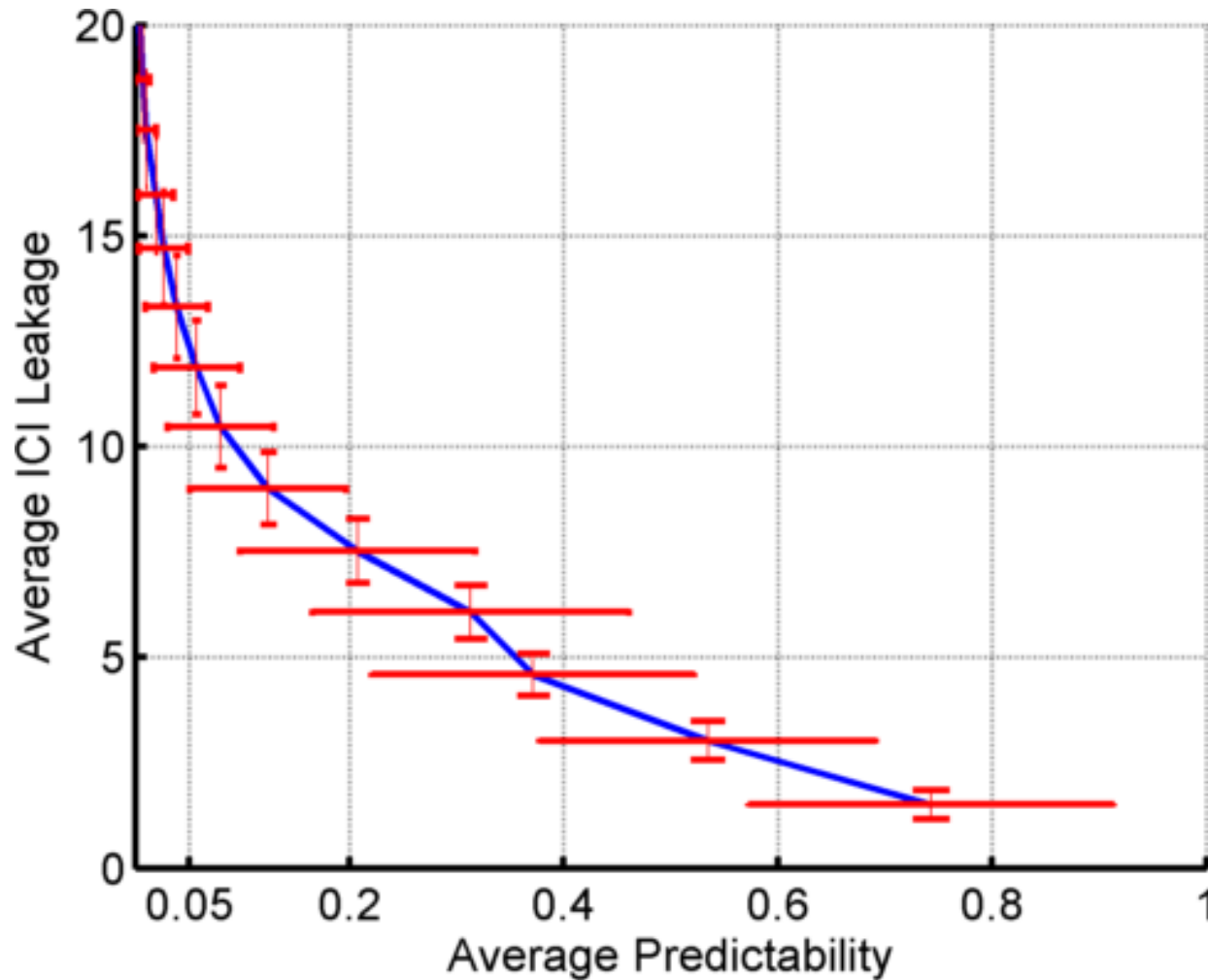


Fig 3: 3 Steps of Linking Attack

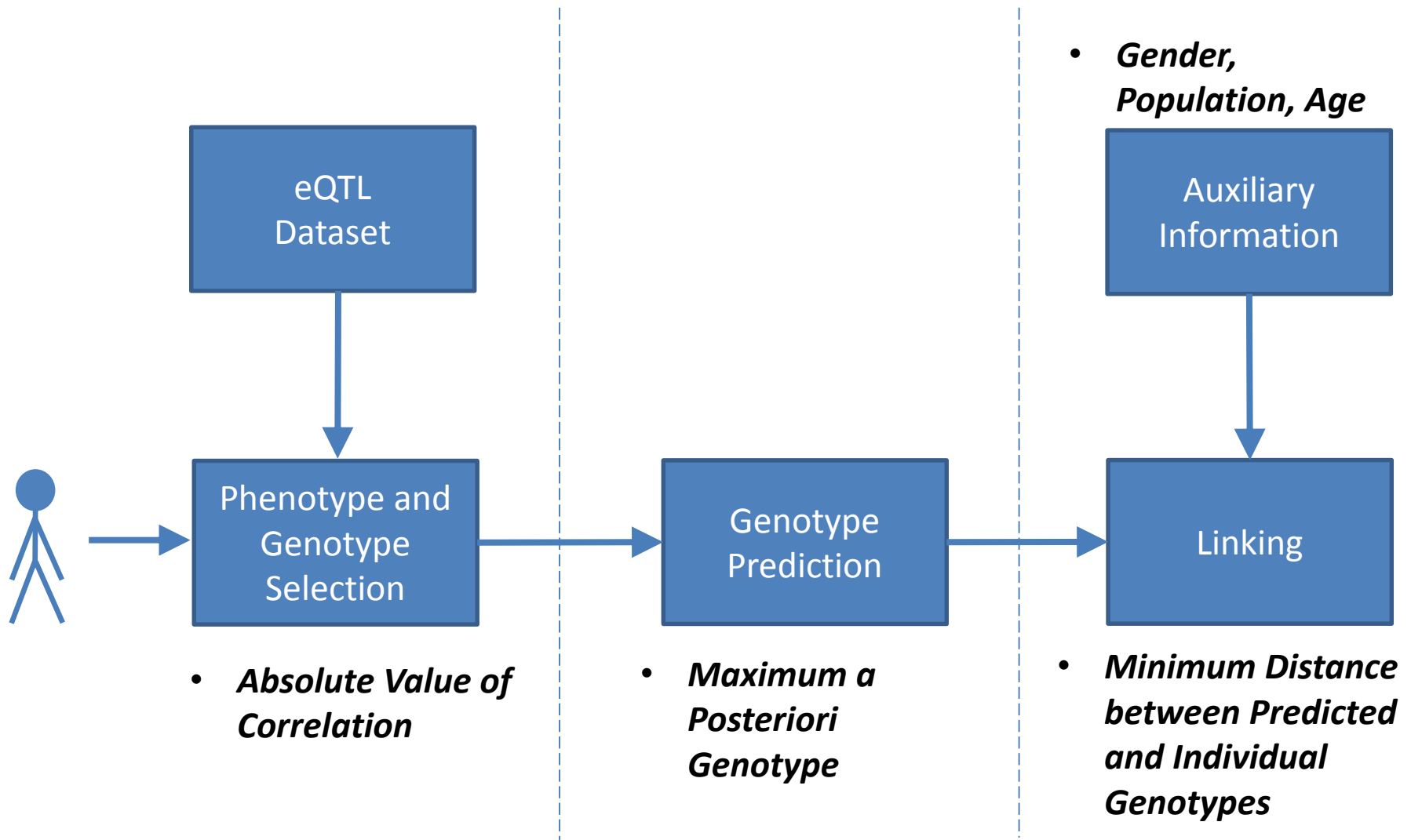


Figure 4a: MAP Genotype Prediction Accuracy

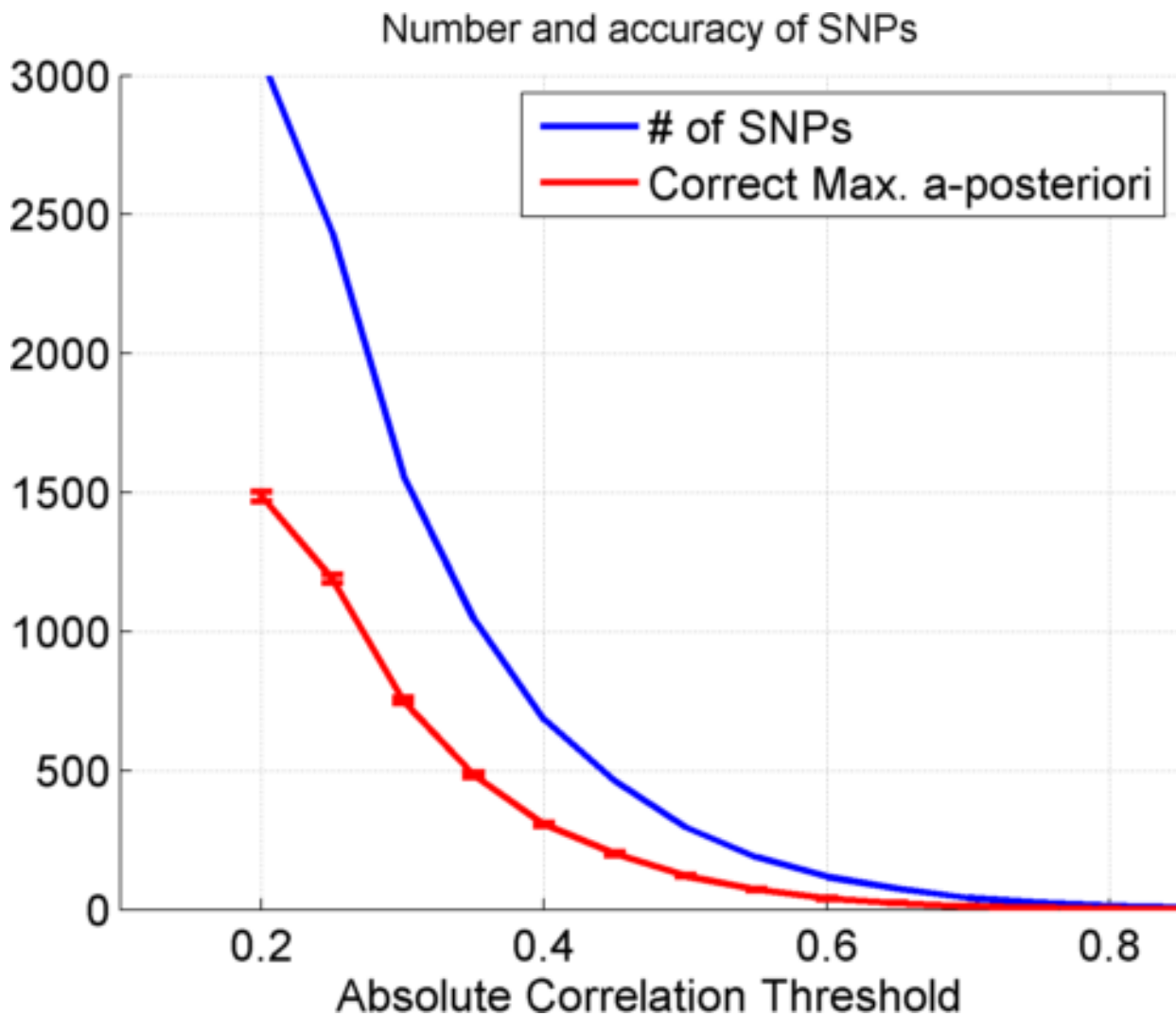


Fig 4b: Fraction of Vulnerable Individuals

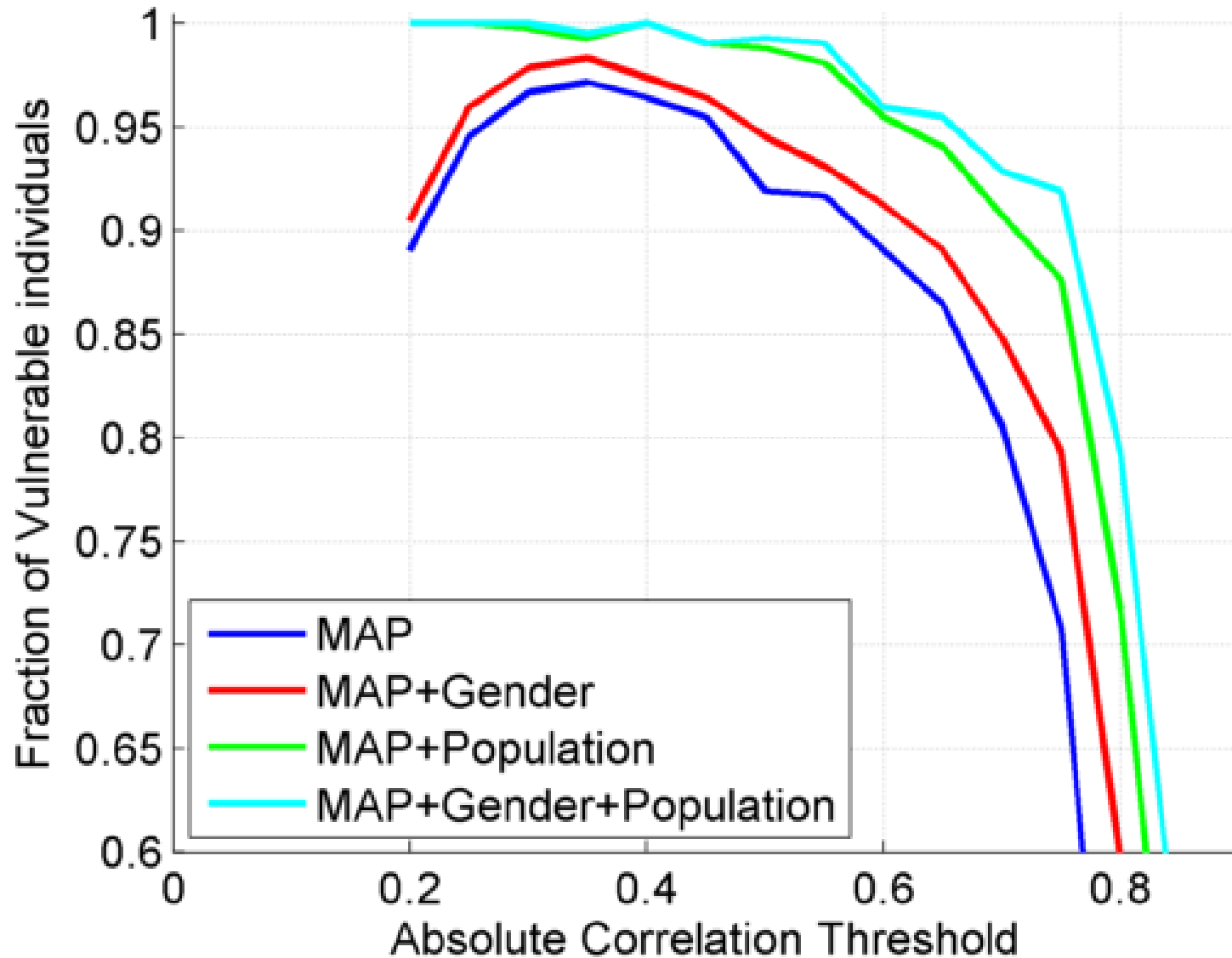


Fig 5a: Extremity based genotype prediction

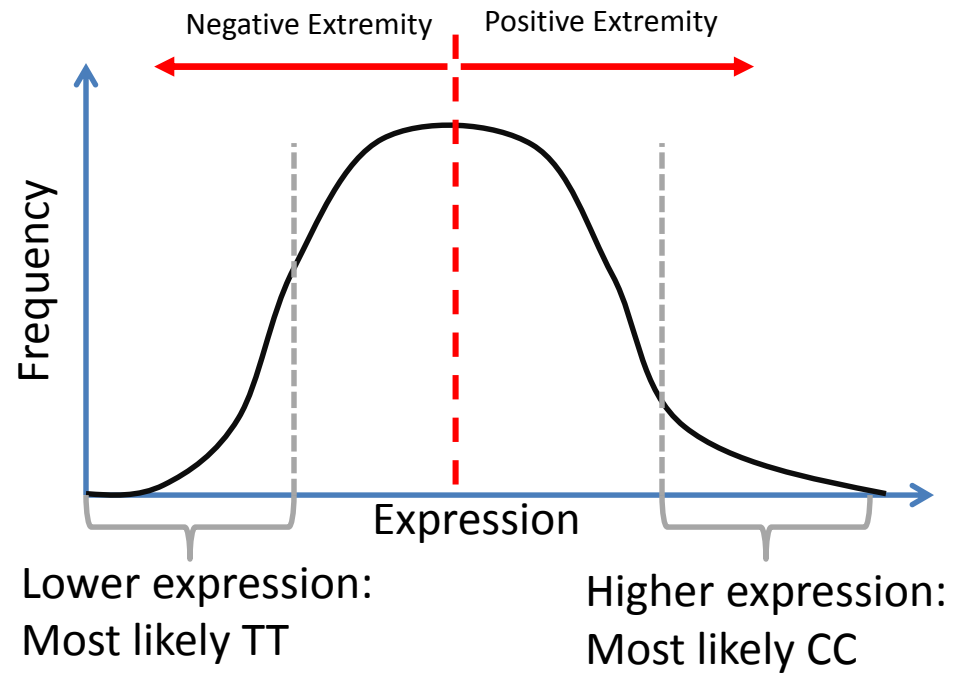
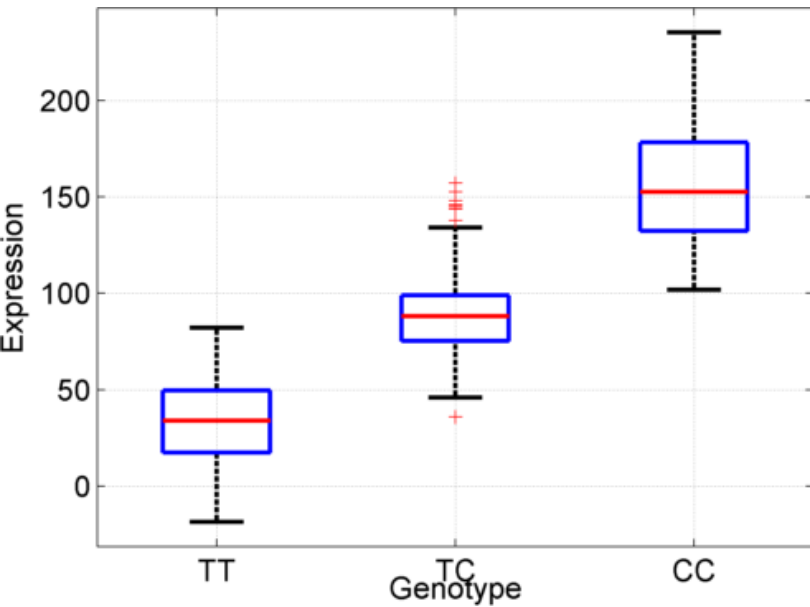
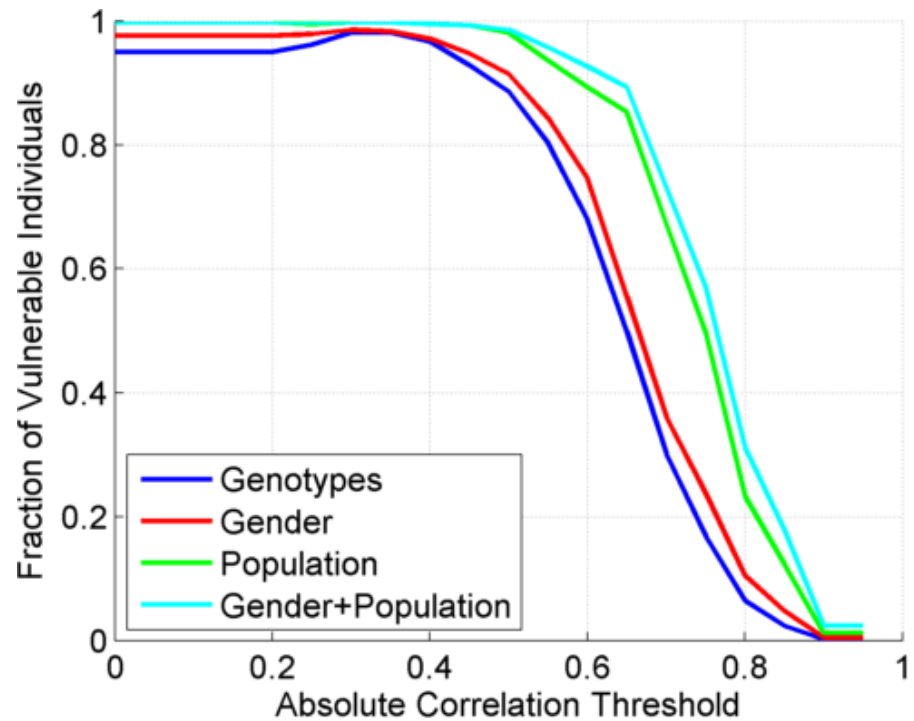
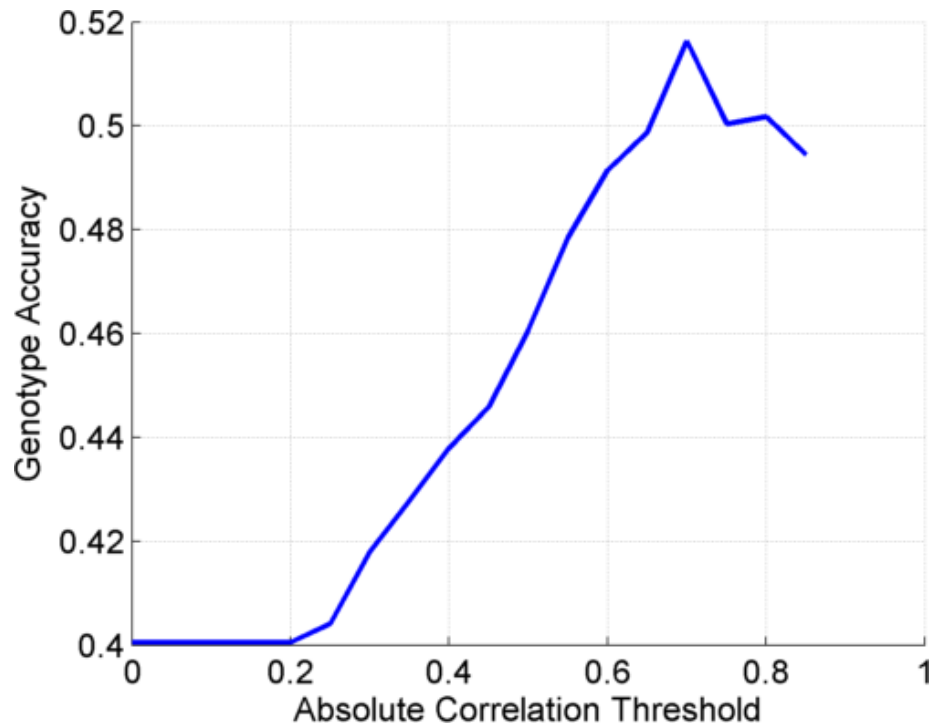


Fig 5bc



Supplementary Figures

Fig S1: eQTL properties

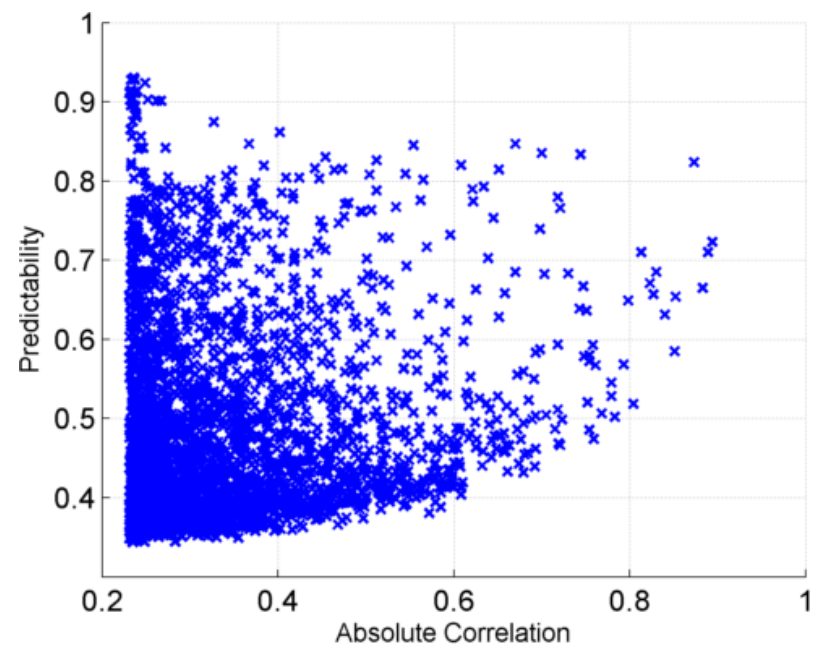
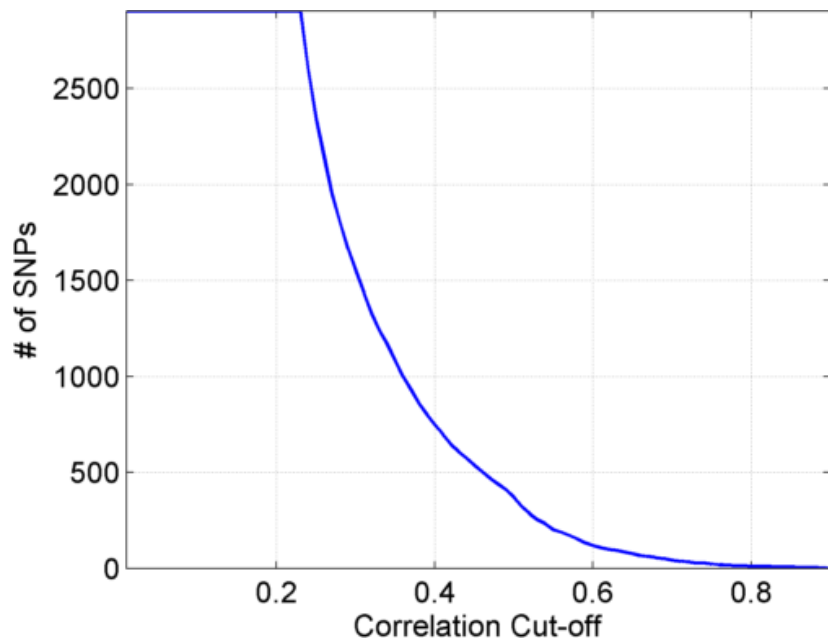


Fig S2a

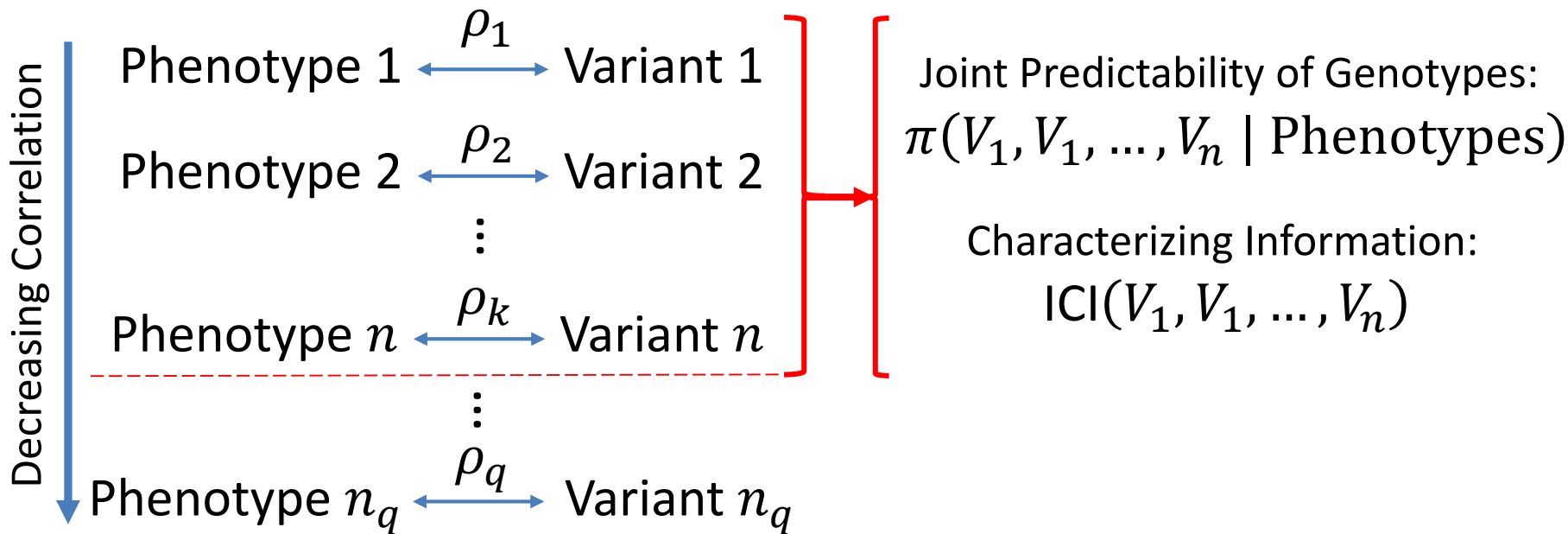
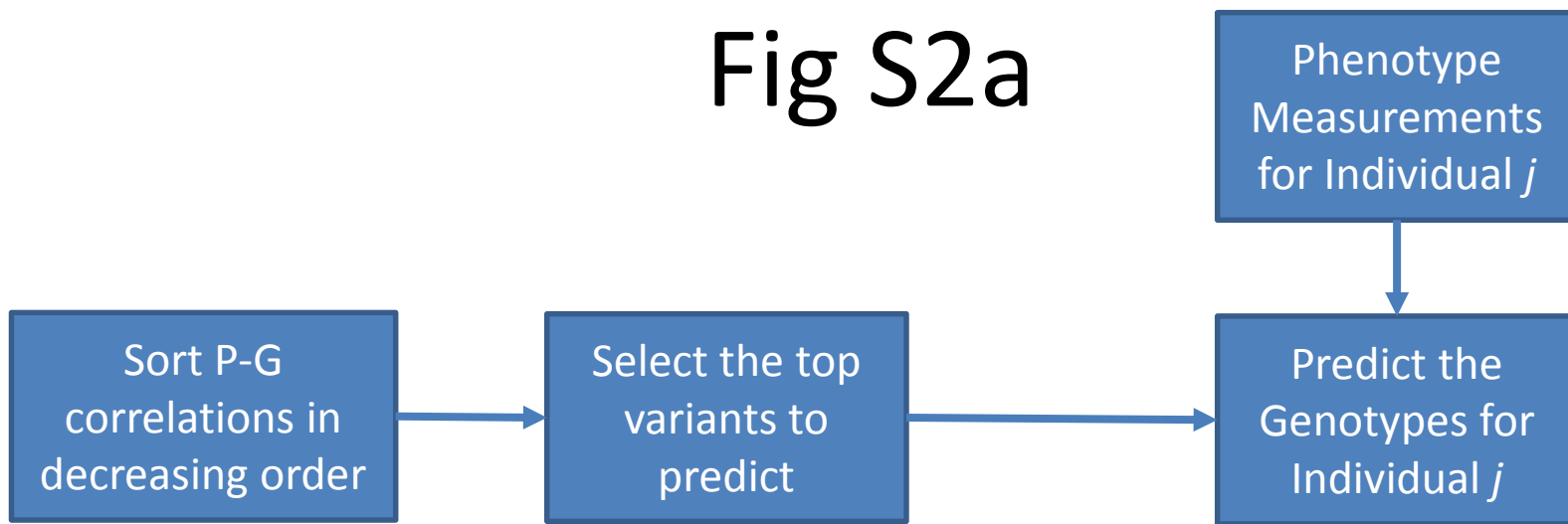
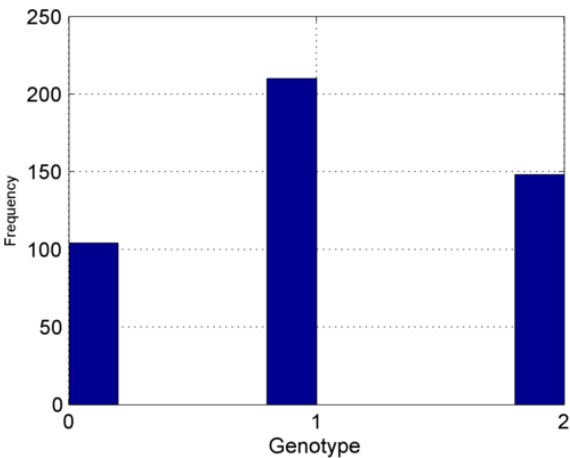
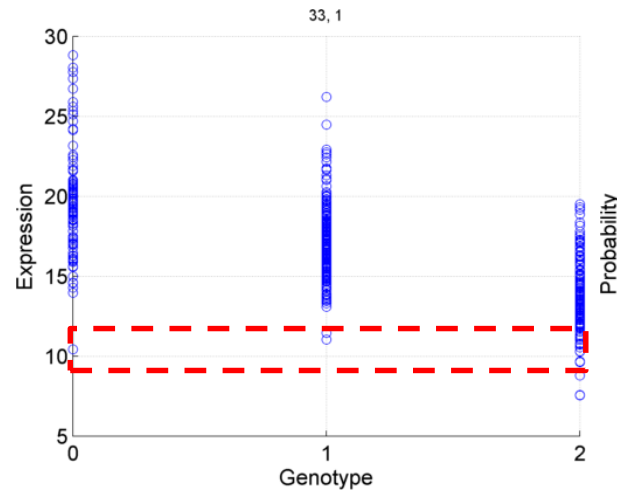


Fig S2b: Illustration of *a priori*, *a posteriori* distributions

Prior: $p(V_k)$

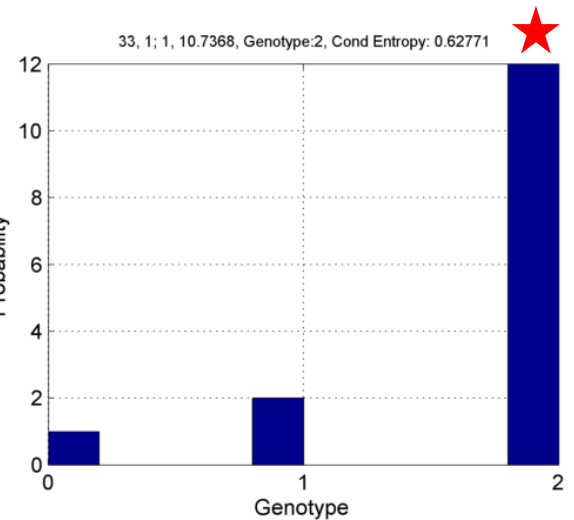


Joint: $p(V_k, E_k)$



Posterior:

$p(V_k | E_k = 10)$



$$v'_{k,j} = 2$$

Fig S3

Distribution of Assigned Ranks per Individual

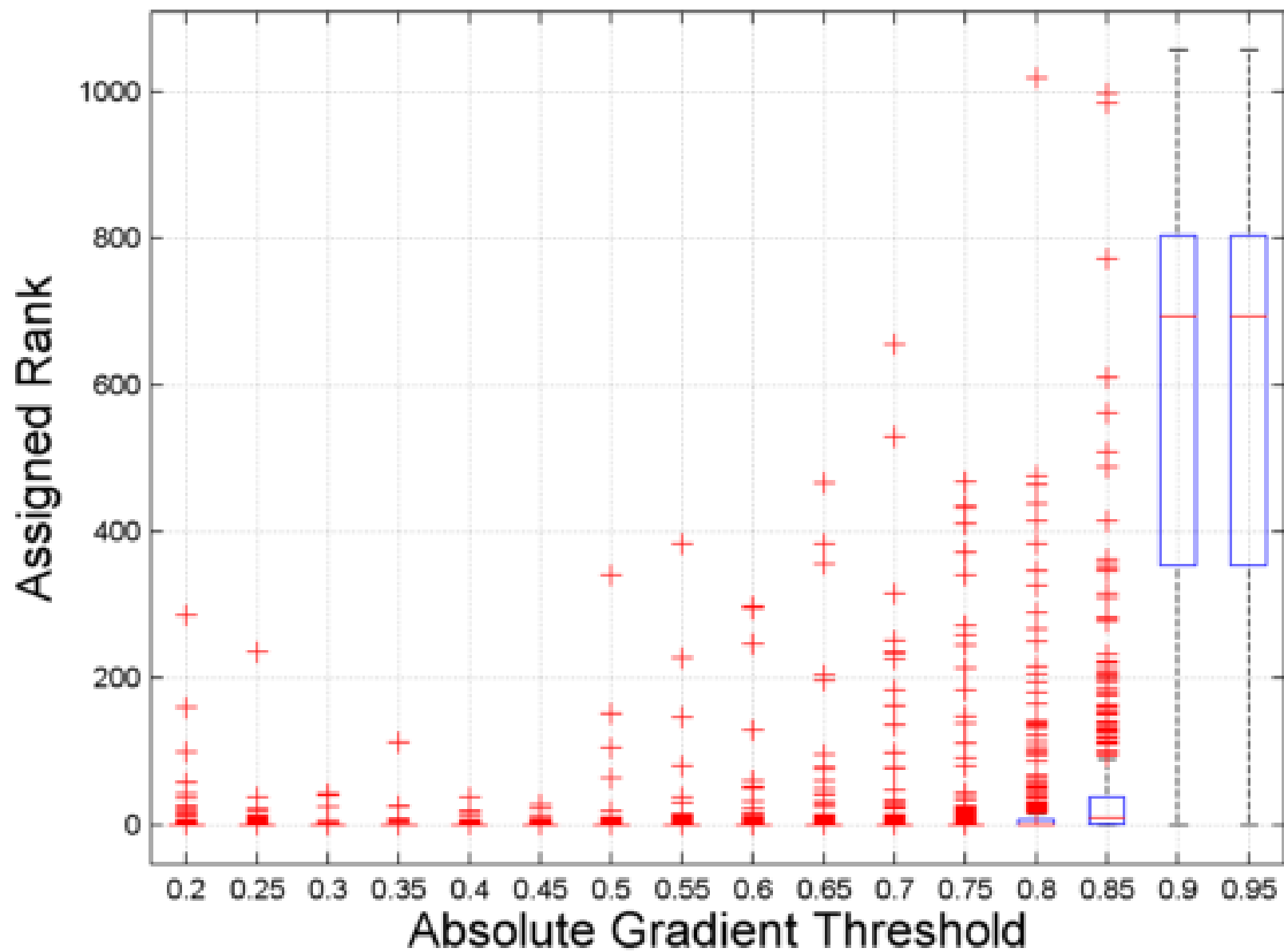


Fig S4

